

SABER

Systems Approach for Better Education Results

August 2014

SABER-Education Management Information Systems
Data Collection Instrument



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Background

WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THE SABER-EMIS INITIATIVE?

An education management information system (EMIS) provides systematic, quality data in a well-structured enabling environment that facilitates utilization of the information produced in planning and policy dialogue. SABER-Education Management Information Systems (SABER-EMIS) aims to help countries improve data collection, data and system management, and data use in decision making, thereby improving different elements of the education system and contributing to the end goal of improving learning for all children and youth.

SABER-EMIS is one of the sub-systems under The World Bank's Systems Approach for Better Education Results (SABER) initiative, led by the Education Global Practice. SABER produces comparative data and knowledge on education policies and institutions, with the aim of helping countries systematically strengthen their education systems. SABER evaluates the quality of education policies against evidence-based global standards, using new diagnostic tools and detailed policy data collected for the initiative.

WHY SHOULD YOU PARTICIPATE IN THIS INITIATIVE?

There are three principles that guide an effective EMIS, Sustainability, Accountability and Efficiency. Combined, the existence of these principles within an EMIS will result in an effective system that adds value across the entire education system. SABER-EMIS helps education policy makers and stakeholders reach more effective education management information systems.

The data collected under the SABER-EMIS initiative will be available to the public and to policy makers and education stakeholders, allowing them to make evidence-based diagnoses of the status of EMIS activities in their respective countries, learn about other countries' information systems, and make informed decisions. The data will be used to create country profiles, not to rank countries. Researchers also will have access to the data and will be able to conduct analyses that expand the pool of resources and knowledge on this important topic.

WILL YOUR RESPONSES BE KEPT CONFIDENTIAL?

Yes, all of your responses will be kept confidential and individual responses will not be identified. Aggregate data will be reviewed by The World Bank SABER-EMIS team and the country's government before information is uploaded to the SABER-EMIS website. Based on the information provided, the SABER-EMIS team at The World Bank will produce an objective country profile report indicating strengths and areas for improvement in the country's education management and information system and related policies. The report will be shared with the country for discussion and a finalized version will be made available on the SABER-EMIS website.

THANK YOU FOR PARTICIPATING IN THIS INITIATIVE.

SINCERELY,

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Introduction

The SABER-EMIS Questionnaire is divided into four policy areas that encompass what matters most to the development of an effective EMIS:

- 1. <u>Enabling environment</u>: Assessment of intended policies in relation to a sustainable infrastructure and human resources that can handle data collection, management, and access.
- 2. <u>System soundness</u>: Assessment of the degree to which the processes and structure support the components of a comprehensive information management system.
- 3. <u>Quality data</u>: Assessment of the degree to which an EMIS system accurately collects, securely saves, and produces high-quality, timely information.
- 4. <u>Utilization for decision making</u>: Assessment of the reality of system implementation and utilization of EMIS information in decision making.

Each of the four policy areas contains levers and a series of indicators that are evaluated through the completion of a questionnaire containing questions specific to each indicator. All of the questions in the questionnaire can be answered with either a "yes" or "no" (check the relevant box for each question). Some of the questions contain a checklist of items that need to be answered. It is important to answer every question (including all items in the checklist) so that the EMIS can be effectively benchmarked.

The questionnaire contains a column labeled, "Level". When relevant to the question, use this column to indicate at which level the answer pertains by indicating one of three options: 1) Local; 2) Sub-national; or 3) National. For example, if the answer to the question is a federal policy, the level would be federal. If the answer is specific to a classroom practice, the level would be local/district. When the answer does not pertain to any level, leave the column blank.

For some questions, it will be necessary to reference specific documents (e.g., policies/legislation, reports, websites, program documents, etc.). After the questions for each indicator, there is a "Comments" box to place additional information that you think might be relevant to evaluate the EMIS. Please include the specific documents referenced to answer the question (be specific and include numbers for the Article/Section, URL where government document can be found, etc.). This space can also be used to add relevant information that will be useful when assessing the strengths and weaknesses of the system.

This questionnaire can be conducted via semi-structured interviews with individual informants and desk review of relevant documents, but it is more efficient to conduct it in a small-group setting since there is a better likelihood of reaching consensus on some of the more subjective questions. Also, participating host country staff should be made familiar with the materials needed for the review in advance.



Guidelines

PLEASE NOTE BEFORE BEGINNING TO RESPOND

- 1. Answer every question.
- 2. All questions refer to assessment activities in *both* public and private schools in the focal country or education system.
- 3. For the purpose of this questionnaire, the system that manages education information is referred to as an EMIS. In some contexts, this system may be referred to by a different name (e.g., school management system, student information system).
- 4. The scope of the education system for an EMIS at the school level in this survey is limited to basic and secondary education for formal education in public and private schools. Tertiary education is beyond the scope of this survey. Available data at the school level for early childhood development and/or kindergarten may also be collected and included in the EMIS.
- 5. Use the Comments boxes to add additional information that you deem relevant to the topic. If you need additional space, please type in a separate sheet indicating the question to which the text pertains. If a tablet or portable computer is not available, please hand-write notes and then transcribe to typed format. This reduces the risk of misinterpreting hand-written content.



Definitions

<u>Administrative Data:</u> All school and student data, including student management data, student learning data, school finance data, etc.

EMIS: An education management information system (EMIS) is the system that manages education information. As mentioned above, in different contexts, this system may be referred to by a different name. An EMIS can manage a wide range of data including: student information (demographics, enrollment, discipline and other functional elements); instructional/learning information (assessment and achievement data, teacher evaluations, curriculum effectiveness data and other elements related to progression through school); longitudinal data; and business intelligence (financial and human resource data, strategic metrics, etc.).

<u>International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED)</u>: A statistical framework maintained by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) for organizing information on education.

<u>ISO 9000</u>: A set of quality management systems standards designed to help organizations ensure that they meet the needs of customers and other stakeholders while meeting statutory and regulatory requirements related to a product.

<u>Local</u>: This refers to all the administrative subdivisions that fall under the sub-national level. For example, municipalities, counties, districts, communes, etc.

<u>Metadata</u>: A set of data that describes and gives information about other data.

<u>National</u>: This refers to the whole country. In the survey, the national level refers to legislation mandated by the central government.

<u>Sub-national</u>: This refers to the administrative level that immediately follows the national level. For example: states in India, Mexico and the U.S.; provinces in Argentina, Indonesia, Thailand and Finland; regions in France; or zones in Nepal.

<u>Summative Indicators:</u> Variables derived from individual-level data such as administrative, financial, or human resources data.



Survey Information

Country:	State/ Province:
Dringing Investigator	
Principal Investigator: Please record the name, country, email, and p	shone number of the principal investigator
Name:	
Country	
Phone Number:	
Respondent(s):	
•	e primary respondent who is answering the survey (in the
first quadrant). Please also include informatio	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2 - 7
Primary Respondent (Required):	Supporting Respondent (if applicable):
Name:	Name:
Country:	
State/Province:	
Institutional Affiliation:	Institutional Affiliation:
Job Title:	
E-mail:	
Phone Number:	
Supporting Respondent (if applicable):	Supporting Respondent (if applicable):
Name:	Name:
Country:	Country:
State/Province:	
Institutional Affiliation:	 -
Job Title:	
E-mail:	
Phone Number:	Phone Number:



Policy Area 1: Enabling Environment



Policy Area 1: Enabling Environment

Description of Best Practice: The system contains crucial components of a comprehensive enabling environment, which addresses related policy elements and enables the functioning of an effective and dynamic system.

1. Legal Framework

There is an existing legal framework to support a fully-functioning EMIS.

A. Institutionalization

EMIS is institutionalized as an integral part of the education system and the government.

Yes No Level

- 1. Is there a law to create or establish an education management information system (EMIS) that collects, processes, and disseminates education data on a regular basis?
- 2. Is there a law that calls for an institution, an agency or an official entity to manage the EMIS?
- 3. Does a designated official entity exist that is responsible for managing the EMIS?
- 4. Do government programs incentivize establishment/advancement of EMIS with funding (e.g., funds to establish a longitudinal data system)? If so, please describe in comments.

	Comments:
I	

B. Responsibility

The responsibility for collecting, processing, and disseminating education statistics is given to a clearly designated institution or agency.

- Is there a law that clearly specifies responsibilities and prohibits interference between the official education statistics agency and external agencies to:
 - a. Collect education data?
 - b. Process education data?
 - c. Disseminate education data?



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2.		law that specifies the processes and procedures for working			
	with other units and/or other sources of data (examples below are				_
		e and may not exist in some countries)?	Yes	No	Level
	a.	Population statistics (e.g., census bureau)?			
	b.	Private sector information (e.g., information from private			
		schools that feed into the EMIS)?			
	C.	Poverty data (e.g., welfare data; data on individuals			
		receiving government subsidies)?			
	d.	Geographic Information System (GIS) data (e.g.,			
		referenced geographic location information for school			
		buildings) in accordance with industry standards?			
	e.	Financial data (e.g., government budget for education)?			
	f.	Early childhood education data (e.g., health data)?			
	g.	Tertiary education data (e.g., prerequisite course			
	J	information per student)?			
	h.	Disability data (e.g., Ministry of Health, policies that			
		support individuals with disabilities)?			
	i.	Health, medical and hygiene data (e.g., Ministry of Health			
	••	and Mental Hygiene, vaccinations)?			
	j.	Workforce development data (e.g., technical and			
	,.	vocational programs, workplace readiness)?			
	k.	Legal/court system (e.g., juvenile court system)?			
Can	nments:	Legary court system (e.g., javenne court system).			
Con	Illients.				
<i>C.</i>	-	nic Framework			
The	legal fram	ework is dynamic and elastic so that it can adapt to advancem	ents in te	chnologyد	•
			Yes	No	Level
1.	Is the lega	al framework dynamic and elastic in the following areas:			
	a.	Does it prioritize one technology over another?			
	b.	Is it adaptable to new technological tools?			
	C.	Is it mandated that the framework is reviewed regularly?			
		If yes, how often is it reviewed (choose one range):			
		i. From 0-2 years?			
		ii. From 2-5 years?			
		iii. From 5-10 years?			
2.	Is it mand	dated that EMIS undergo auditing through:			
	а	Internal reviews?			
	b.	External reviews?			
Con	nments:			-	
l					



D. Data Supply

The legal framework mandates that schools participate in the EMIS by providing education data.

Yes No Level

- Does the education statistics agency have the legal authority to collect data required to compile educational statistics?
- 2. Is there a legal mandate that ensures that schools provide their data to the EMIS?
- 3. Does the law specify measures to enforce schools to provide data on time (e.g., assign penalties to schools that do not provide the data on time)?
- 4. Are there penalties or warning systems against schools for lack of compliance with the legal mandate for schools to provide education data to the EMIS?
- 5. Are schools aware of penalties or warning systems for a lack of compliance with data-related legal mandates?
- 6. Does the penalty or warning system cover all schools (e.g., private schools; public schools)?
- 7. Is there a law that emphasizes the importance of data and outlines the necessary support to schools for compliance with the process of gathering the data supply?

Comments:		

E. Comprehensive and Quality Data

The requirement for comprehensive, quality data is clearly specified in the EMIS legal framework.

- 1. Is there a legal framework that requires that data exists within the EMIS, and the language of the framework outlines that the data is comprehensive in nature and of a specific quality standard?
- 2. Does the legal framework explicitly state processes and procedures for local school system test administration and data reporting (e.g., security of materials during testing and storage)?
- 3. With regard to test administration and data handling, does the legal framework explicitly designate an individual at each local school to manage transfer of test instruments between state and local school entities?
- 4. If test administration policies are not followed in order to ensure data quality, does the legal framework include penalties?
- 5. Does the legal framework explicitly state that data need to be integrated from different data sources (e.g., population data, financial data, poverty data, early childhood data) into the EMIS?
- 6. Does the law specify the requirements and criteria from the data supplier from sources outside of the EMIS?



7.	TABLE for the following:	Yes	No	Level
	EMIS for the following: a. Data collection?			
	a. Data collection?b. Data processing?			
Com				
Com	iments:			
F.	Data Sharing and Coordination			
	legal framework allows for adequate data sharing and coordination bet	ween the	Ministry	of
	cation and agencies and/or institutions that require education data.		,	-
	,			
		Yes	No	Level
1.	Does the legal framework spell out the processes to share data with			
	agencies/institutions outside of the EMIS?			
2.	Is there a law that outlines the requirement that data needs to be			
	shared on a timely basis with education stakeholders (e.g., parents,			
	teachers, schools, policymakers, etc.)?			
Com	iments:			
G.	Utilization			
_	legal framework emphasizes data-driven education policy.			
me	legal framework emphasizes data-driven education policy.			
		Yes	No	Level
1.	Does the legal framework specify how data in the EMIS is going to be	103		LCVCI
	utilized (i.e., framework outlines that education policies should be			
	informed by EMIS data and decision-making is data-driven)?			
Com	iments:			
Н.	Budget			
The	education system budget includes a line item for the EMIS.			
		Yes	No	Level
1.	Does the education system's budget include a line item for the			
_	EMIS?			
2.	Does the legal framework specify a budget for each of the budgetary			
	items of the EMIS outlined in Lever 1.5?			
Com	iments:			



I. Confidentiality

The legal framework guarantees that respondents' data are confidential and used for the sole purpose of statistics.

- 1. Is there a law that ensures that respondents' data is kept secure and protected from inappropriate access or unauthorized use?
- 2. If so, does the law outline penalties for disclosing confidential information?
- 3. Does a law exist that outlines specific actions to ensure confidentiality of respondents' data?
- 4. Is the confidentiality of data widely known by respondents?
- 5. Does a law exist to safeguard information provided by the schools?
- 6. Does a law exist which guarantees confidentiality of data collected from the school (e.g., teacher evaluation data, student behavior) and details the specific uses of data collected from the school?
- 7. Does a law specify that respondents are required to provide a truthful response?
- 8. If so, are respondents informed of their obligation to provide a truthful response?
- 9. Does a law specify when and how to remove student records (e.g., they no longer serve education purposes)?
- 10. Are there clearly stated penalties against EMIS staff that disclose confidential data for purposes other than the intended use?
- 11. Is the overall legal framework for collecting, managing and disseminating education statistics consistent with national freedom of information laws?
- 12. Does a law outline student rights in accessing and handling his or her personal records?
- 13. Does the legal framework outline rights of parents/guardians in accessing and handling student records?
- 14. Does the legal framework outline the process for correcting/updating student records?
- 15. Does the legal framework outline conditions for disclosure of information? Does it include the following:
 - a. Limitations on redisclosure?
 - b. Conditions for disclosure to officials of other schools and school systems?
 - c. Disclosure to certain federal and state officials for federal program purposes?
 - d. Conditions for disclosure in emergencies?

Comments:



2. Organizational Structure and Institutional Processes

The system is institutionalized within the government, has well-defined organizational processes, and has several functionalities beyond statistical reporting.

Yes No Level

- Is there a policy that outlines the need for an organizational structure and institutional processes within the EMIS?
- 2. Is the institutional structure of the EMIS a well-defined unit that includes:
 - a. A mission statement?
 - b. A hierarchical structure?
 - c. A structured workflow?
 - d. Designated staff roles and responsibilities?
- 3. Are there institutionalized processes in an EMIS that allow for the effective flow of information?
- 4. Are the institutionalized processes of an EMIS recorded in a document (e.g., operations manual, handbook)?
- 5. Are working processes periodically reviewed to ensure that they are efficient and are subsequently improved, as needed?
- 6. Are the core tasks of the EMIS at all levels of the process identified?

or the direction of the Line at an ieroid of the process facilities.	
Comments:	

3. Human Resources

Qualified staff operate the system and opportunities are available to improve their performance and retention.

A. Personnel

The core tasks of the EMIS are identified and the EMIS is staffed with qualified people.

- 1. Is there a policy that outlines the need for qualified human resources within the EMIS?
- 2. Is the EMIS staffed with qualified people in the following areas:
 - a. Planning (i.e., administrative staff support for the EMIS)?
 - b. Evaluation (i.e., staff to monitor and evaluate the EMIS)?
 - c. Education (i.e., staff skilled in understanding the data needs of the education system)?
 - d. Communications (i.e. staff to produce communications and/or dissemination materials)?
 - e. Data analytics (e.g., staff skilled in utilizing data analytic and statistical tools)?
 - f. Statistics (e.g., statisticians)?
 - g. Database architecture (e.g., staff to develop, maintain and amend the system as needed)?

Computer engineering (e.g., staff to manage the EMIS



No

Level

Yes

	data platform)?			
	i. Information Technology (e.g., staff to ensure that			
	information technologies operate)?			
3.	Is there an EMIS manager?			
Com	ments:			
D	Drofossional Dovolonment			
B.	Professional Development			
Profe	essional training is available for EMIS staff.			
		V	NI -	11
1	Dona training ariet to strongther the technical skills of FNAIC staff?	Yes	No	Level
1.	Does training exist to strengthen the technical skills of EMIS staff?			
2.	Are the technical skills of staff up-to-date to be consistent with			
•	EMIS policies and technologies?			
3.	Are subject-specific courses available to strengthen the technical			
	skills of EMIS staff?			
4.	Are professional development materials available for staff (e.g.,			
	resources on statistics, manuals for database management, etc.)			
_	and is human resources support provided for staff?			
5.	Are there training materials for capacity building to fulfill data			
_	management functions?			
6.	Are EMIS staff provided continuous on-the-job training?			
7.	If yes, how often are EMIS staff provided continuous on-the-job			
	training? (include specifics in the comments section)			
	a. At least 1-3 times per year?			
	b. No mentioning of professional training?			
8.	Are staff retained within the system?			
9.	Has there been a loss of major staff members in the last 1-3 years?			
10.	Is there an internal personnel evaluation system?			
11.	Is there a defined career path for EMIS staff?			
Com	ments:			



4.	In	frastructural	Ca	pacity	V
•	ш	, a strattarar		9000	7

The system has a well-defined infrastructure to perform data collection, management, and dissemination functions in an integral manner.

A. Data Collection Means

Tools for data collection are available.

Yes No Level

- 1. Is there a policy that outlines the need for well-defined infrastructural capacity within the EMIS (e.g. hardware, software)?
- 2. Does data collection occur at the school-level from both hardware and software technological means via:
 - a. School censuses?
 - b. School-specific management databases?
 - c. Managerial documents?
- 3. Do tools exist for data collection (including collection by technological and/or non-technological means)?

technological anapor non technological means).	
omments:	

B. Database(s)

Databases exist under the umbrella of the data warehouse and have both hardware and software.

- 1. Does the education information system databases contain both hardware and software technological means for:
 - a. Data collection?
 - b. Data management?
 - c. Data dissemination?
- 2. Does a policy exist to ensure that databases are archived on computer servers?

Comments:			



C. Data Management System

There is a system in place that manages data collection, processing, and reporting.

Yes No Level
1. Does the data management system have the capabilities to process

and analyze collected data and report on it systematically (e.g., Banner, PeopleSoft, Oracle, Concordance)? If yes, list name of software in comments.

Yes No Level

- 2. Does the data management system exist as a layer on the data?
- 3. Does data management occur via a combination of database software and hardware including:
 - a. Computer systems?
 - b. Dedicated servers for the EMIS?
 - c. Database management system?
- 4. Does the office where the EMIS is housed have computer stations?
- 5. Does a computer network exist that is utilized for the EMIS?
- 6. Does the EMIS' data management system have a relational database structure?
- 7. Does the EMIS include data warehouse architecture?
- 8. Does the EMIS include analysis tools for statistical analysis and data management?
- 9. Does the EMIS have email systems?
- 10. Does the EMIS have a web interface?
- 11. Are data management software continually updated and adapted to perform existing and emerging tasks within the EMIS?

Comments:			

D. Data Dissemination Means

Data dissemination tools are available and maintained by the agency producing education statistics.

- 1. Are there policies to support the dissemination of data via:
 - a. Internet/websites/mass media?
 - b. Annual educational statistical yearbooks/handbooks?
 - c. Other hard copy materials (e.g., leaflets, pamphlets, student report cards)?
 - d. Other electronic/soft copy materials (e.g., leaflets, pamphlets, PowerPoint presentations, report cards)?
 - e. Electronic databases maintained by the agency producing education statistics?
 - f. Internet/websites/mass media?



2. Are there policies to support the capacity to disseminate data?			
Comments:			
5. Budget			
The system budget is comprehensive, ensuring that the system is sustainab	le and effic	ient.	
A. Personnel and Professional Development			
The EMIS budget contains a specific budget for EMIS personnel and their pr	ofessional	developn	nent.
	Yes	No	Level
1. Is there a policy that outlines the need for a dedicated EMIS budget?			
2. Is there a regular budget assigned for staffing?			
3. Are the recurrent costs for the EMIS staff accounted for in the			
budget (e.g. seasonal employees, consultants)?			
4. Is there a budget for professional development for EMIS staff,			
including trainings, learning materials, performance reviews, etc.?			
Comments:			
B. Maintenance			
The EMIS budget contains a specific budget for system maintenance and re-	current cos	sts.	
	V		
1 December advection information waters built-at includes by the Con-	Yes	No	Level
1. Does the education information system budget includes budgeting for system maintenance and recurrent costs of the system (e.g.,			
license renewal fees)?			
Comments:			
Comments:			



_		
С.	Reporting	v
L.	nebul lill	

The EMIS budget contains a specific budget for reporting costs. Yes No Level Does the education information system budget include financing for reporting including: Publishing reports? a. b. Printing and copying? Creating and maintaining websites? c. Creating, maintaining and updating accessible platforms? **Comments: Physical Infrastructure** The EMIS budget contains a specific budget for physical infrastructure costs. Yes No Level 1. Does the budget highlight categories for the following components of the EMIS' physical infrastructure: Hardware (e.g., computers, networking, data collection devices)? Software (e.g., tools for data collection, analysis software, b. reporting software)? Technical support (e.g., maintenance of databases, hardware and software)? Renting space, if applicable? **Comments:**



E.	Efficient	use of	Resources
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FIOCE	esses and procedures are in place to ensure that resources are used effi	,		
		Yes	No	Level
1.	Are processes and procedures in place to ensure that resources are	res	INO	Levei
1.	used efficiently?			
2.	Are audits of the budget performed?			
3.	Are there action plans to incorporate feedback from audits to			
٥.	identify areas to amend the budget?			
4.	Is the budget reallocated after audits are conducted?			
	ments:			
_				
<i>6.</i>	Data-driven Culture			
	Data-driven Culture -driven culture prioritizes data as a fundamental element of operations	and decisi	on-makir	ng, both
Data		and decisi	on-makir	ng, both
Data	-driven culture prioritizes data as a fundamental element of operations	and decisi	on-makir No	ng, both Level
Data	-driven culture prioritizes data as a fundamental element of operations			
Data insid	-driven culture prioritizes data as a fundamental element of operations e and outside of the education system.			
Data insid	-driven culture prioritizes data as a fundamental element of operations e and outside of the education system. Generally, does the government promote the collection and			
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Datainsid	driven culture prioritizes data as a fundamental element of operations e and outside of the education system. Generally, does the government promote the collection and utilization of data within and beyond the education system (e.g., national census, funding to research institutes that use data, population statistics, etc.)? If yes, list examples in comments section.			
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Policy Area 2: System Soundness



Policy Area 2: System Soundness

Description of Best Practice: The processes and structure of the EMIS are sound and support the components of an integrated system.

1. Data Architecture

The data architecture is well-defined to ensure full system functionality.

- 1. Does the EMIS have a well-defined database constructed based on a wireframe (or blueprint)?
- 2. Do the EMIS's databases highlight the sequences and relationships among the different categories in the data?
- 3. Is the database:
 - Structured according to relational standards (e.g., a database structured by tables comprised of rows/records/tuples and columns/fields/attributes)?
 - b. Well-documented (e.g., organized database that stores procedures, scripts, schemas, rollouts, etc.; documentoriented database that contains encoded documents which contain a unique key and can be located by specific retrieval language or key-document lookup)?
 - c. Secure (according to current security architecture standards)?
- 4. Does the EMIS have a table of specifications?
- 5. Is the data within the EMIS compatible with the table of specifications?
- 6. Does the EMIS have Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) that specify how software components within the database interact?
- 7. Is the EMIS able to produce aggregates with ease?
- 8. Is the system designed to ensure data security and confidentiality?
- 9. Have there been incidences of system violations in the last two years? (Hacking databases, phishing and cyber-attacks)
- 10. Is the system tested regularly to ensure data security and confidentiality and amended as needed?
- 11. Is hardware installation distributed adequately to ensure efficient processing of data and management of the databases?

Commer	nts:			



2. Data Coverage

The data in the system is comprehensive and covers administrative (student & school), financial, human resources, and learning outcomes data.

A. Administrative Data

The EMIS contains administrative data at student and school levels.

Yes No Level

1. Is there essential **student-level** data in the EMIS, including (answer yes/no for the list below and add additional categories in the comments section):

Demographic Data

- a. Age?
- b. Gender?
- c. Ethnicity?
- d. Family economic data (e.g., low-income family data, single-family household data, poverty data)?
- e. Early childhood development data?
- f. Tertiary education data (e.g., did student progress to tertiary level?)?

Health Data

- g. Immunization records?
- h. Health/illness history?
- i. Pregnancy history for females?
- j. Special needs population data (e.g., learning needs, physical needs/disabilities)?

Learning Data

- k. Enrollment rates?
- I. Transition rate (progression to next grade)?
- m. Repetition rate (repeating a year)
- n. Drop-out rate?
- o. Failure rate by class?
- p. Failure rate by teacher?
- q. Behavioral data (e.g., absenteeism, late arrivals)?
- r. Student-level course completion (transcript) data?
- Is there essential school-level data in the EMIS, including (answer yes/no for the list below and add additional categories in the comments section):
 - a School performance and efficacy data:
 - i. Student to teacher ratios?
 - ii. Student to school ratio?
 - iii. Graduation rates for school by grade per year?
 - v. If school plan exists, is there data on achieving milestones in that plan?
 - v. Are there progress reports to track school performance?
 - vi. Data on student learning objectives (if applicable)?
 - b. Financial assistance data (e.g., school-feeding programs)?



- c. School improvement program data:
 - i. School assessment?
 - ii. Curriculum?
 - iii. Audits?
 - iv. Infrastructure?
- d. Infrastructure (use averages if answering at National/Subnational levels)
 - i. Total school size?
 - ii. Number of classrooms?
 - iii. Number of students per classroom?
- Service delivery indicators (includes indicators that determine the minimum resources essential for a wellfunctioning school system), including:
 - i. General availability of resources?
 - ii. Textbooks?
 - iii Computers?
 - iv. Printers?
 - v. Electricity?
 - vi. Water?
 - vii. Bathrooms?
 - viii. Internet access?
 - ix. Phone?
 - x. Medical supplies or medical support room (e.g., nurse, dispensary, etc.)
 - xi. Provider ability/qualifications (e.g., minimum knowledge, math and English scores, pedagogy training for teachers)
 - xii. Provider Effort (e.g., time spent teaching, absence from classroom, absence from school)
- 3. Is there a mechanism to flag or issue early warning reports on the performance of the following:
 - a. Teachers?
 - b. Students?
 - c. Schools?
- 4. Does the system link pre-school, primary, secondary, and higher education data?

Comments:			



B. Financial Data

The EMIS contains financial data.

Yes No Level

- 1. Is data available on conditional cash transfers (if applicable), including the following:
 - a. Meal Plans?
 - b. Subsidies on learning materials (e.g., calculators, workbooks, pencils, etc.)?
 - c. Other cash / in-kind transfers?
- 2. Is data available on the breakdown of funding per school from the following sources:
 - a. Government?
 - b. Tuition Fees?
 - c. Donations?
 - d. Grants?
 - e. School Revenue?
- 3. Does the system track how the money received (from the above sources) is spent?
- 4. Does the system track data on the financial value of the land occupied by the school and the school infrastructure?
- 5. Is it possible to estimate the unit cost per student?

Comments:	

C. Human Resources Data

The EMIS contains human resources data.

Yes No Level

1. Does the EMIS track data on teachers and non-teaching staff?

General Demographics

- a. Teaching Staff (e.g., qualifications, experience, etc.)?
- b. Non-teaching staff?

Salaries

- c. Teaching staff?
- d. Non-teaching staff (e.g., administrative staff, management staff, security and janitorial staff, transportation staff)?

Performance Evaluation

- e. Data from classroom observations?
- f. Procedure to track staff attendance and absenteeism?



Pro	fess	ional	Deve	lopment
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Yes No Level

- g. Training and certifications?
- h. Tracking number of trainings completed?
- i. Ministry of Finance data regarding human resources (if applicable)?

	<u> </u>		
Comments:			

D. Learning Outcomes Data

The EMIS contains learning outcomes data.

Yes No Level

- 1. Does the system track learning outcome data, including:
 - a. Grades?

Comments:

- b. National assessments?
- c. Classroom assessments?
 - i. At the class level?
 - ii. At the individual student level (1 on 1 meetings between student and teacher)?
- 2. Are student learning outcomes linked to their respective teacher s through assessment data?
- 3. Do parents have direct access to student performance data?
- 4. Does the system track data on students that need remedial help?
- 5. Are the EMIS clients (teachers, parents, students) able to track student performance in various subjects/classes?



3. Data Analytics

Tools and processes are available to perform data analytics at different levels on a regular basis.

- 1. Are there processes to perform different levels of analysis generally, and for the below listed tasks?
 - Descriptive data analysis (e.g., describing specific features of information)?
 - b. Data tabulations (e.g., summarizing data based on different indicators such as teacher-student ratio by region, relationship between school attendance and learning)?
 - c. Data associations (e.g., relations between data indicators or different data fields such as behavioral issues and school leadership)?
 - d. Correlations (e.g., determining causality and effects across different parameters)?
- 2. Are there tools to perform different levels of analysis (e.g., SPSS, STATA, R and open source statistical analysis tools)?
- 3. Is the system capable of producing:
 - a. Projections (e.g., population projections)?
 - b. Predictive models (e.g., estimation and prediction techniques)?
 - c. Scenario analysis (what-if analysis)?
- 4. How often does the system produce outputs of these data analytics (choose one "yes" answer below)
 - a. Once a year?
 - b. Twice a year?
 - c. More frequently?
- 5. Can data analytics be performed within the EMIS to inform decision-making?

Comments:			



4. Dynamic System

The system in place is elastic and easily adaptable to allow for changes/advancements in data needs.

A. Quality Assurance Measures

The system is dynamic and maintains quality assurance measures.

1. Does the EMIS follow internationally recognized quality assurance measures such as the Total Quality Management Approach or ISO 9000? (The ISO 9000 focuses on the framework for quality management, providing guidance on how to manage for quality and perform internal audits)

- 2. Has the EMIS been reviewed internally for quality assurance measures? If yes, detail frequency in comments section.
- 3. Has the EMIS been reviewed externally such as by an auditing agency or quality management agency?
- 4. Is there a system in place within the EMIS that monitors the following regularly:
 - a. Data collection?
 - b. Data processing?
 - c. Data dissemination of education statistics?

Comments:			

B. Data Requirements and Considerations

There are mechanisms for addressing new and emerging data requirements.

- 1. Are meetings with stakeholders and other data users held periodically to:
 - a. Review the existing portfolio of education indicators?
 - b. Review the existing education reports?
 - c. Identify any emerging data requirements?
- 2. Can data be aggregated or disaggregated without any difficulties?
- 3. Is the system able to adapt to new data requirements (e.g., ability of the system to integrate any new student demographic data such as family data into the existing system)?

	<u> </u>	
Comments:		



C. System Adaptability

The EMIS is elastic and easily adaptable to allow for changes and/or advancements in data needs.

Yes No Level

- 1. Is the EMIS adaptable to changes in:
 - a. New school arrangements (e.g., redistricting)?
 - b. Added functionalities (e.g., new reported data specifically for that school)?
 - c. New technologies?
 - d. Able to work with current legacy systems if needed?

u.	Able to Work With current legacy systems if ficeded:
Comments:	

5. Serviceability

Services provided by the system are valid across data sources, integrate non-education databases into the EMIS, and archive data at the service of EMIS clients by ensuring the relevance, consistency, usefulness, and timeliness of its statistics.

A. Validity across Data Sources

Information brought together from different data and/or statistical frameworks in the EMIS is placed within the data warehouse using structural and consistency measures.

- 1. Is information that is brought together from different data sources placed within the data warehouse?
- 2. Are data collection instruments carefully designed to avoid duplication of information and lengthy processes in compiling data?
- 3. Are key variables reconciled across the databases in the data warehouse?
- 4. Are data compilation procedures managed in a way that minimizes processing errors such as coding, editing, and tabulation errors?
- 5. Are the total statistics calculated by summing the components of the total?
- 6. Are the final statistics consistent or reasonable within a dataset and over time?
- 7. Are consistent time series data available for an adequate period of time (at least five years)?
- 8. Are historical series reconstructed as far back as reasonably possible when changes in source data, methodology, and statistical techniques are introduced?
- 9. Is the emphasis for consistency placed on the final statistics instead of the preliminary publications?
- 10. Are electronic databases validated by data-producing units?



		Yes	No	Level
11.	Are pre-existing or other data collection and management systems			
	(i.e., not considered part of the EMIS) compatible with similar			
	functions for the EMIS?			
12.	Does the system include the following unique identifiers that link			
	databases across years:			
	a. Student Identifiers?			
	b. Teacher Identifiers?			
	c. Course Codes/ Information Systems?			
13.	Is there a system in place that links the following:			
	a. Teachers with students?			
	b. Teachers with students by course and classroom?			
14.	Is there any roster verification by which by which the list of an			
	individual teacher's students is reviewed by the teacher for			
	accuracy before being used to link teachers and students?			
15.	Is the following non-education data collected, integrated and linked			
	in the EMIS:			
	a. Workforce data?			
	b. Labor and Unemployment Insurance (UI) wage records?			
	c. Apprenticeship data? (e.g., internships)			
	d. Clearing house data?			
Cam	ments:			
В.	Integration of Non-education Databases into EMIS			
Data	from sources collected by agencies outside of the EMIS are integrated i	nto the Ei	MIS data	
	Phouse.			
		Yes	No	Level
1.	Are data from sources that are collected by other agencies outside			
	of the EMIS (e.g. administrative data, census data, and socio-			
	demographic data) integrated into the EMIS data warehouse?			
2.	Do manual operations (e.g., data collected via non-technological			
	means) still exist?			
3.	If yes, are they integrated effectively into the system as well?			
Com	ments:			



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С.	AI	CHIN	viriu	Data

Multiple years of data are archived, including source data, metadata, and statistical results.

Yes No Level 1. Are databases archived on computer servers, beyond those at the Ministry of Finance? Are multiple years of data archived including: 2. a. Source data? b. Metadata? Statistics? **Comments:** D. Services to EMIS Clients Services provided by the system to EMIS clients include ensuring the relevance, consistency, usefulness, and timeliness of its statistics. Yes No Level 1. Do services provided by the system to EMIS clients ensure: (Note: Utilize common sense and consider the specific context when answering these questions. The comments box is available for further explanation.) Relevance? a. Consistency? b. c. Usefulness? d. Timeliness? **Comments:**



Policy Area 3: Quality Data



Policy Area 3: Quality Data

Description of best practice: The system has the mechanisms required to collect, save, produce, and utilize information, which ensures accuracy, security, and timely, high-quality information for use in decision making.

1. Methodological Soundness

The methodological basis for producing educational statistics from raw data follows internationally accepted standards, guidelines, and good practices.

A. Concepts and Definitions

Data fields, records, concepts, indicators and metadata are defined and documented in official operations manuals along with other national datasets, and endorsed by the government.

- 1. Is there an official operations manual that defines and documents:
 - a. EMIS concepts (e.g., terminology of specific concepts that relate to the collection, management and dissemination of education data)?
 - b. Data fields?
 - c. Indicators?
 - d. Metadata?
 - e. Archival of data records?
 - f. Service delivery indicators?
- 2. Are the concepts and definitions that govern the EMIS in accordance with other national datasets?
- 3. Are the concepts and definitions that govern the EMIS endorsed by the government?
- 4. Does documentation exist on national concepts and definitions that govern the EMIS?
- 5. Are the concepts and definitions that govern the EMIS easily accessible?
- 6. Do the overall structure, concepts and definitions for the EMIS follow regionally and internationally accepted standards, guidelines, and good practices?
- 7. Are data collectors and data engineers aware of differences in concepts and definitions used in the source data from those required of education statistics?

Comments:			



B. Classification

There are defined education system classifications based on technical guidelines and manuals.

Yes No Level

- Are the documented education system classifications defined based on technical guidelines and manuals (UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) technical guidelines and manuals and OECD Glossary of Statistical Terms)?
- Is the classification of educational expenditure based on UIS technical guidelines and/or United Nations System of National Accounts (SNA)?
- 3. Are classification systems in accordance with nationally and internationally accepted standards, guidelines or good practices such as:
 - a. National classification programs and applications in public and private institutions?
 - b. UIS-ISCED mapping and reporting data according to recent ISCED codes?

Comments:			

C. Scope

The scope of education statistics is broader than and not limited to a small number of indicators (e.g., measurements of enrollment, class size, and completion).

- 1. Is the scope of education statistics limited to a small number of indicators such as enrollment, class size and completion?
- 2. Does a longitudinal data system exist?
- 3. If not, has the desire to create a longitudinal data system been articulated?
- 4. Is the scope of education statistics in accordance with international standards, guidelines and/or good practices?
- 5. Does the scope of the dataset assess data overlaps to avoid redundancies (e.g., its scope does not overlap with other datasets)?
- 6. Is metadata considered as part of the education statistics in the EMIS as evidenced by its inclusion in the data warehouse?
- 7. Are all relevant educational institutions and programs covered in the EMIS (e.g., formal and non-formal educational institutions)?
- 8. Are relevant geographical boundaries (e.g., cities, towns) used to classify geographic-specific data (e.g., schools, district offices)?

Comments:			



D. Basis for Recording

Data recording systems follow internationally accepted standards, guidelines, and good practices.

Yes No Level

Does the data recording system follow internationally accepted

- standards, guidelines, or good practices?

 2. Are students' age recorded according to a specific reference
- period/date?
- 3. Are graduates' data attributed to the academic year in which the graduates are enrolled?
- 4. Does expenditure data (i.e. public expenditure on education as a percentage of GDP) refer to actual expenditure (not estimated or projected)?

projected)?			
Comments:			

2. Accuracy and Reliability

Source data and statistical techniques are sound and reliable, and statistical outputs sufficiently portray reality.

A. Source Data

Available source data provide an adequate basis for compiling statistics.

- 1. Do administrative school censuses (or the aggregate from local government) collect information on:
 - a. The structure of the education system?
 - b. Students?
 - c. Teachers?
 - d. Principals/school management?
 - e. Educational expenditure?
- 2. Does the design of data collection instruments allow for easy completion and provide a template that is appropriate for computer processing?
- 3. Is there a registry of all schools, and is it used to identify schools that respond and do not respond to the EMIS for data reporting?
- 4. Does the registry cover all schools (e.g., public and private)?
- Are source data obtained from comprehensive data collection programs that take into account country-specific conditions (e.g., limited technological means for data collection, difficulties in obtaining data from remote areas)? (Please describe relevant context-specific conditions in the comments box.)



Yes No Level

Do statistics describe the structural and normative characteristics of

- 6. Do statistics describe the structural and normative characteristics of the education system and are they aligned with the most recent ISCED standards to the extent possible?
- 7. Is data produced from the EMIS compatible with official nationally and internationally reported data?
- 8. Does the data collection system provide for the timely receipt of source data?
- 9. Are source data providers aware of the deadlines set for the reporting of education statistics?
- 10. Does the education statistics agency employ systematic follow-up procedures to ensure the timely receipt of source data?
- 11. Are source data from the school census on enrollments and teachers provided to the area responsible for producing statistics no later than 6 months after the end of the school year?
- 12. Are source data on educational expenditures collected from within the ministry of education and other ministries and institutions no later than 6 months after the end of the school year?

Comments:	

B. Validation of Source Data

Source data are consistent with definition, scope, classification, as well as time of recording, reference periods, and valuation of education statistics.

- 1. Are source data consistent with the definitions, scope, and classifications of education statistics?
- 2. Are source data consistent with the time of recording, reference periods, and valuation of education statistics?
- 3. Are administrative data audited to check the accuracy of source data (e.g., field collection inspection, random post-enumeration checks)?
- 4. Are professional development actions taken (e.g., continuing education for data collectors) to improve accuracy of source data?
- 5. Is accuracy of data from all sources used to compile statistics routinely reviewed in terms of:
 - a. Monitored events?
 - b. Population coverage?
 - c. Timeframes (i.e., data is reviewed in the necessary timeframe to compile statistics and perform other required EMIS functions such as the dissemination of report cards)?



Yes No Level

- 6. Is information compiled on coverage, sampling errors, non-response errors (e.g., non-response rates for socioeconomic groups), and percentage of missing or imputed data by methods of imputation?
- 7. Is the use of school registration promoted and is accuracy periodically monitored by assessing:
 - a. Whether students dropping out are removed from the register or identified as no longer enrolled?
 - b. Whether students moving or changing schools are removed from the register or identified as no longer enrolled?
 - c. Whether the registry includes all students currently enrolled?
- 8. In terms of expenditure data, are data form different government agencies incorporated and counted only at the level where actual expenditure occurs? (Please indicate where actual expenditure occurs in the comments box.)
- 9. Are institutions and programs for reporting education expenditure data the same as the institutions for the reporting of staff and enrollment data?

Comments:			

C. Statistical Techniques

Statistical techniques are used to calculate accurate rates and derived indicators.

- 1. Are there imputation methods and estimation techniques in place (e.g., sampling weights, calibration weights) that employ sound statistical techniques?
- 2. Are imputation and estimation methods appropriate for dealing with missing, valid or inconsistent data from administrative records, population censuses, or schools, and assessments of student achievement?
- 3. Are statistical projection (including population projections) computed according to sound methodological procedures?
- 4. Where compensation for missing data is not feasible (e.g., data not collected from private schools), is reason for missing data described?
- 5. Are problems regarding non-responses, recall errors, reporting errors, respondents' effects, interviewer effects, and inappropriate instrument design addressed?
- 6. Are adjustments made if there is a sizeable part of the population that is not covered by sources used for regular compilation of statistics?



ewed regularly?	No	Level
	ewed regularly?	ewed regularly?

3. Integrity

Education statistics contained within the system are guided by principles of integrity.

A. Professionalism

EMIS staff exercise their profession with technical independence and without outside interference that could result in the violation of the public trust in EMIS statistics and the EMIS itself.

- 1. Is staff protected by a code of professional ethics supported by the Ministry of Education and/or the national statistical agency?
- 2. Is professionalism promoted by:
 - a. Publishing methodological papers?
 - Encouraging participation in conferences and meetings with other professional groups?
- 3. Are research and analysis undertaken by the data-producing agency for publication subject to internal review and other processes to maintain the agency's reputation for professionalism?
- 4. Is the choice of source data informed solely by technical reasons?
- 5. Is the choice of statistical techniques informed solely by technical reasons?
- 6. Are decisions about dissemination informed solely by technical reasons?
- 7. Are the selection methods for choice of source data and statistical techniques publicly documented?
- 8. Is the agency producing education statistics maintaining the public trust by commenting publicly on erroneous interpretations or misuse of education statistics?
- 9. Does the agency seek to prevent misinterpretation or misuse of education statistics by providing explanatory materials and briefings to the public?
- 10. Does the education information system have a recruitment and promotion system where positions are filled according to qualifications required?
- 11. Is access to data restricted to EMIS staff that require the information to perform their duties?



		Yes	No	Level
12.	Does EMIS staff review all data ready for dissemination to ensure			
	there is not indirect disclosure of confidential data?			
13.	Are there mechanisms to enforce penalties against EMIS staff that			
	disclose confidential information for other purposes?			
Con	nments:			
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				ĺ
В.	Transparency			
	tistical policies and practices are transparent.			
	Total portoto and produced and diameter and a			
		Yes	No	Level
1.	Does publicly available information exist about the terms and		•	
	conditions regarding:			
	a. How educational statistics are collected?			
	b. How educational statistics are compiled?			
	c. The confidentiality of individual responses?			
	d. The security measures taken for storing individual data?			
2.	Is there information about where the education statistics agency and			
۷.	its products outside of its EMIS functions can be found?			
3.	Does awareness exist on how to access publications about the			
٥.	education statistics agency and its products?			
4.	Is there public awareness that some government agencies have			
⊸.	access to education statistics prior to when they are publicly			
	released?			
5.	Is the public aware at what point internal government access is			
٥.	granted during the process of data compilation?			
6.	Are data released to the public clearly identified as a product of the			
0.	agency in charge of education statistics (e.g., by name, logo)?			
7.	In the case of joint publications, are the contributions of the			
,.	education statistics agency clearly identified?			
8.	Does the education statistics agency request attribution when its			
Ο.	statistics are used or reproduced?			
~	•			
9.	Is there documented evidence that users of education statistics are			
	made aware in advance of major changes in methodology, source			
	data and statistical techniques (e.g., online circular to parents about			
	changes in how data is collected at the school-level)? Please provide			
	an example, if applicable, in the comments box.			
Con	nments:			
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Policies and practices in education statistics are guided by ethical standards.

	ζ,			
 2. 3. 	Are there clear guidelines for identifying what constitutes unethical behavior (e.g., the misuse of statistics, the use of public property to conduct private business, the alteration of statistics in exchange for money)? Are there clear guidelines outlining correct behavior when the agency or its staff is confronted with conflicts of interest? Is the reputation of the agency and its management tied to compliance of ethical standards?	Yes	No	Level
Co.	nments:			
4.	Periodicity and Timeliness			
The	system produces data and statistics periodically in a timely manner			
A. The	Periodicity production of reports and other outputs from the data warehouse occur ne education system.	in accorda	nce with	cycles
1. 2. 3.	Is the administrative school census conducted at least once a year? Are learning achievement surveys regularly conducted according to a periodicity responding to the country monitoring needs? Are financial data (e.g., expenditure, earnings, etc.) published annually (e.g., financial statements)?	Yes	No	Level

Comments:



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В.	liness

Final statistics and financial statistics are both disseminated in a timely manner.

- 1. Are final statistics derived from the administrative school census disseminated within 6 12 months after the start of the school year?
- 2. Are financial statistics (inclusive of expenditure, earnings, etc.) disseminated within 6 12 months of the end of the financial year?

Comments:	



Policy Area 4: Utilization in Decision Making



Policy Area 4: Utilization in Decision Making

Description of best practice: The system is wholly utilized by different users for decision making at different levels of the education system.

1. Openness

The system is open to education stakeholders in terms of their awareness and capacity to utilize the system.

A. EMIS Stakeholders

EMIS primary stakeholders are identified and use the system in accordance with the legal framework.

- 1. Is the education information system used by:
 - a. Ministry of Education?
 - b. Other government agencies?
 - c. Directors of Regional Education Offices?
 - d. Directors of Metropolitan Education Offices?
 - e. Directors of Municipal Education Offices?
 - f. Directors of District Education Offices?
 - g. National Education Service Office (Deputy Directors and Scheduled Officers)?
 - h. Metropolitan Assemblies?
 - i. Municipal Assemblies?
 - j. District Assemblies?
 - k. Schools (via Headmasters/Headmistress and Head teachers)?
 - I. Teachers?
 - m. Parents?
 - n. Students?
 - o. Circuit Supervisors?
 - p. Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs)?
 - q. Researchers?
 - r. Multilateral agencies (e.g., World Bank, UNESCO) and/or bilateral agencies (e.g., donor agencies)?
 - s. Civil Society Organizations?

Comments:			





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В.	llcor	$\Lambda u = \alpha$	reness
D.	usei	AWU	reness

Current and potential EMIS users are aware of the EMIS and its outputs.

Yes No Level

- 1. Are education stakeholders aware of the existence of the EMIS?
- 2. Is the existence of the EMIS publicized so that stakeholders know about it?

Comments:			

C. User Capacity

EMIS users have the skills to interpret, manipulate, and utilize the data produced by the system in order to ultimately disseminate findings.

- 1. Do education stakeholders have the required capacities to:
 - a. Interpret data produced by the EMIS?
 - b. Manipulate data produced by the EMIS?
 - c. Utilize data produced by the EMIS?
 - d. Produce materials related to this analysis (e.g. graphs, charts, etc.)?
- 2. Are regular trainings available to current EMIS users on how to perform these activities and utilize these statistics to inform decision-making at all levels within the education system?
- 3. If Yes, what kind of training is provided:
 - a. Webinar/Online/Video?
 - b. Face to Face?

Comments:		

2. Operational Use

Data produced by the system is used in practice by the main education stakeholders.

A. Utilization in Evaluation

Data produced by the EMIS is used to assess the education system.

- Is the data produced by the EMIS used to assess the education system?
- 2. Does the data produced by EMIS generate the following reports:
 - Early Warning Reports? (i.e., reports designed to identify students who are most likely to be at risk of academic failure or dropping out of school)
 - b. College and career readiness reports (i.e., reports designed to identify students who are on track for readiness or success in college or careers)?
 - c. Growth Reports?
 - d. Diagnostic Reports?
- 3. Are statistics provided by EMIS used as pre-requisites for evaluating the education system?

Com	ments:			
В.	Utilization in Governance			
Data	produced by the EMIS is used for governance purposes.			
		Yes	No	Level
1.	Does the government use EMIS statistics to inform and support:			
	a. Education policy decisions?			
	b. Education sector planning?			
_	c. Education sector programs?			
2.	Is the data actively used to improve the quality and equity of			
	education?			
Com	ments:			



C. Utilization by Sc	hools
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Data produced by the EMIS is used by schools.

Yes No Level

Is the education systems decentralized: is the school in charge of its own management and governance?

- 2. Do schools utilize the information provided by the EMIS on the academic performance of its school relative to other schools?
- 3. Do schools utilize the teacher data (e.g., evaluation, demographics) to inform instructional teaching and decision making?
- 4. Do schools utilize the information provided by the EMIS on financial performance of its school relative to other schools?
- 5. Do schools find the EMIS useful to:
 - a. Allocate resources?
 - b. Plan for the specific needs of each school?
 - c. Organize work/schedules?
 - d. Expedite requests for education statistics by education stakeholders?
 - e. Make decisions?

Comments:		

D. Utilization by Clients

Data produced by the EMIS is used by clients (including parents, communities, and other actors).

- 1. Do EMIS clients have access to school-level information contained in the EMIS?
- 2. Based on the data provided by the EMIS, are clients able to:
 - a. Obtain information about school performance?
 - b. Make choices about where to attend school?
 - c. Demand school improvements to both the schools and national authorities?

Comments:			



E. Utilization by Government:

The system is able to produce summative indicators (derived variables) to monitor the education system.

Yes No Level

 To what degree is the system able to produce the following summative indicators (derived variables) to monitor the education system?

Ratios

- a. Student-teacher ratio
- b. Student-staff ratio
- Student-space ratio (e.g, square footage per student in classroom)

Infrastructural Capacity

- c. Average classroom size
- d. Number of classrooms

Quality/Outcome Indicators

- e. Enrollment rates, by grade
 - i. Pre-Primary
 - ii. Secondary
 - iii. Tertiary
 - iv. Post-Secondary
- f. Transition rates
 - i. Primary to Secondary
 - ii. Secondary to Higher
- g. Completion rates, by grade
 - i. Pre-Primary
 - ii. Secondary
 - iii. Post-Secondary
 - iv. Tertiary
- h. Success Rates (measured by percentage of students achieving national benchmarks)
- i. Drop-out rates
 - i. Pre-Primary
 - ii. Secondary
 - iii. Tertiary
 - iv. Post-Secondary

Efficiency in spending

- j. Education expenditure, by grade
- k. Teacher salaries
- I. Administrative Salaries

Equality Indicators (most of the above indicators are also calculated at the following levels:

- m. Region
- n. Gender
- o. Race/ethnicity groups



2.	How easily and frequently can the system produce	Yes	No	Level
	the above indicators?			
	a. Real time (immediately)			
	b. Several days?c. Several weeks?			
	d. More?			
	u. More:			
Co	omments:			
<i>3.</i>	Accessibility			
	ication statistics are presented in an understandable manner and are $oldsymbol{v}$	videly disse	minated u	sing clear
pla	tforms for utilization, complemented by user support.			
A	Understandable Data			
A.	ta are presented in a manner that is easily digestible.			
Dat	a are presented in a manner that is easily digestione.			
		Yes	No	Level
1.	Are education data published in a manner that is easy to			
	understand?			
2.	Are charts and tables disseminated with the data to facilitate the			
•	analysis?			
3.	Do education data offer useful time series?			
4.	Is analysis of current period estimates available?			
5. 6.	Is the public aware of data dissemination products?			
о.	Are data presented for different degrees of aggregation and sub-			
	components (e.g., by gender, by level of education, by age, private and public, full-time and part-time)?			
7.	Are data first released via an information release, and then			
/.	followed by the release of a more comprehensive publication?			
8.	Can data recently released and longer time series be accessed			
Ů.	through an electronic database maintained by the agency			
	producing education statistics?			
Cor	mments:			



B. Widely Disseminated Data

Education statistics are disseminated beyond the Ministry of Education and/or the education statistics-producing agency to other EMIS stakeholders.

- 1. Are up-to-date and pertinent metadata made available?
- 2. Are metadata (including information on definitions, classifications, methodology, data sources, and statistical techniques) prepared and disseminated to the public?
- 3. Is metadata disseminated effectively- can EMIS users easily access disseminated metadata?
- 4. Is the availability of metadata well-publicized?
- 5. Has a brief publication (e.g., leaflet, brochure) been prepared to inform general users about the statistical series?
- 6. Is there a pre-announced schedule for disseminating statistics?
- 7. Are statistics released according to a pre-announced schedule?
- 8. Are non-published (but non-confidential) specialized tabulations (e.g., sub-aggregates of units of analysis) made available upon request?
- 9. Are dissemination of media and formats compatible with existing systems?
- 10. Are data categories/fields adapted to the needs of the intended audience?
- 11. Are non-confidential micro-data files (e.g., with information permitting the identification of individual respondents removed) available to permit analytical use by researchers and other users?
- 12. Are the availability of non-published statistics and data, and the terms and conditions on which they are made available publicized?
- 13. Is data downloadable from EMIS platforms?

Comments:	



No

Level

Yes

C. Platforms for Utilization

Platforms are standardized across the EMIS and are customizable to user needs.

1.	Are EMIS users able to access a comprehensive set of data that they require via:			
	a. Standardized platform (e.g. dashboard system)?			
	b. Customized platform based on specific user needs?			
2.	Do users produce materials related to their analysis (e.g., graphs			
	and charts) using the data platforms?			
3.	Are EMIS users able to access statistics through data platforms			
٠.	without the assistance of the education statistics agency?			
Con	nments:			
D.	User Support			
Λcc				
Ass	istance is provided to EMIS users upon request to help them access the	data.		
ASS	istance is provided to EMIS users upon request to help them access the	data.		
ASS	istance is provided to EMIS users upon request to help them access the	data. Yes	No	Level
1.	istance is provided to EMIS users upon request to help them access the Does documentation exist that is produced and updated regularly		No	Level
			No	Level
	Does documentation exist that is produced and updated regularly		No	Level
1.	Does documentation exist that is produced and updated regularly to inform EMIS users about how statistics are compiled?		No	Level
1. 2.	Does documentation exist that is produced and updated regularly to inform EMIS users about how statistics are compiled? Is prompt and knowledgeable support service available for users?		No	Level
1. 2. 3.	Does documentation exist that is produced and updated regularly to inform EMIS users about how statistics are compiled? Is prompt and knowledgeable support service available for users? Is the schedule for data requests known to EMIS users?		No	Level
1. 2. 3.	Does documentation exist that is produced and updated regularly to inform EMIS users about how statistics are compiled? Is prompt and knowledgeable support service available for users? Is the schedule for data requests known to EMIS users? Are procedures concerning requests clearly defined and assistance		No	Level
1. 2. 3. 4.	Does documentation exist that is produced and updated regularly to inform EMIS users about how statistics are compiled? Is prompt and knowledgeable support service available for users? Is the schedule for data requests known to EMIS users? Are procedures concerning requests clearly defined and assistance to users is monitored?		No	Level
1. 2. 3. 4.	Does documentation exist that is produced and updated regularly to inform EMIS users about how statistics are compiled? Is prompt and knowledgeable support service available for users? Is the schedule for data requests known to EMIS users? Are procedures concerning requests clearly defined and assistance to users is monitored? Are requests for extra queries monitored?		No	Level
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	Does documentation exist that is produced and updated regularly to inform EMIS users about how statistics are compiled? Is prompt and knowledgeable support service available for users? Is the schedule for data requests known to EMIS users? Are procedures concerning requests clearly defined and assistance to users is monitored? Are requests for extra queries monitored? Are there clear and available instructions for stakeholders on how		No	Level
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	Does documentation exist that is produced and updated regularly to inform EMIS users about how statistics are compiled? Is prompt and knowledgeable support service available for users? Is the schedule for data requests known to EMIS users? Are procedures concerning requests clearly defined and assistance to users is monitored? Are requests for extra queries monitored? Are there clear and available instructions for stakeholders on how to find information in the EMIS?		No	Level
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4. Effectiveness in Disseminating Findings

Dissemination of education statistics via an EMIS is strategic and effective.

Α.	Disse	mination	Strategy
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National governments have an information dissemination strategy in place.

Yes No	Level
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- Does the national government have an information dissemination strategy for education statistics that includes distribution materials such as:
 - a. Leaflets and brochures?
 - b. Bulletins and newsletters?
 - c. Annual reports?
- 2. Are dissemination materials downloadable from a website?
- 3. Do education stakeholders have the ability to communicate the findings of data produced by the EMIS?

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Comments:		

B. Dissemination Effectiveness

The education management information system's dissemination of education statistics is effective.

Is the government satisfied with the dissemination of EMIS information?
 Is there an established systematic process to obtain feedback from users on data collection, processing or dissemination issues?

Comments:



Additional Comments:	



Please ensure that you have answered all questions and that your responses are consistent and accompanied by supporting evidence. Make sure to save the document and to keep a backup copy for yourself.

-- End of survey --Thank you for your time.

For Technical Questions, Contact Manar El-Iriqsousi meliriqsousi@worldbank.org [+1] 202-473-3821